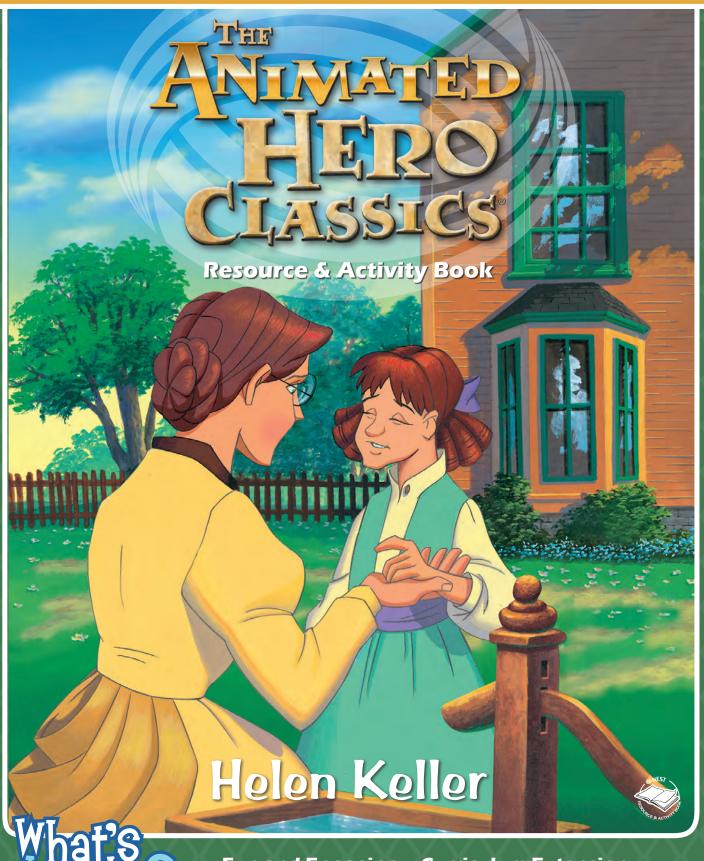
NEST Complete Learning System™



Fun and Engaging • Curriculum Extension Reinforces Learning • Skill Level Activities

Parent and Teacher Guide

Studies have proven learning is enhanced through the use of several senses. A recent study shows that we retain 10 percent of what we see, 20 percent of what we hear, and 50 percent of what we see and hear. But when we see, hear and do, we retain 90 percent of the information. (Lisa Marie Nelson, Ph.D., Author "The Healthy Family Handbook").

The purpose of this Resource & Activity Book is to help children learn and retain the story theme and principles in a fun and educational way. Your children will love coloring pages, solving puzzles, matching games, completing word searches, and much more! Each Resource & Activity Book also features challenging questions and activities for children from preschool through middle school. And in the rare case you don't know an answer, there's an answer key in the back!

LEVEL OF DIFFICULTY

The activities in this book are designed in three levels of difficulty designated by symbols. The activities with one symbol are geared towards younger children while the activities with two and three symbols become increasingly challenging for older children.







CURRICULUM RELATED

These educational activities are related to various educational discipline such as social studies (geography, history, culture), language arts (spelling, creative writing, grammar, literature), math (simple equations), and science. There are also activities for character development, video awareness, problem solving, music, and art. The subject codes below are for your convenience.



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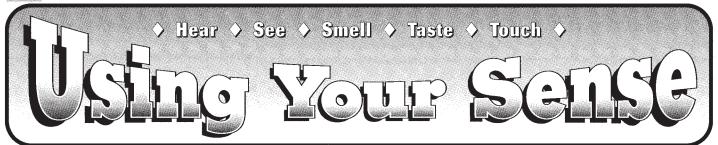
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Nest Entertainment, Inc. would like to thank the Helen Keller National Center for Deaf-Blind Youths and Adults for their assistance on this project.





We have five senses. They are hearing, seeing, smelling, tasting and touching. We use some of our senses in almost everything we do.

Look at each picture. Circle the sense or senses that you think is used to learn about it. Write the number of senses that may be used in the box.

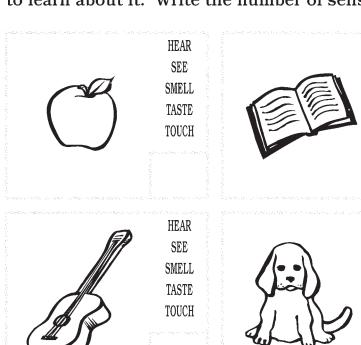
HEAR

SEE

SMELL

TASTE

TOUCH



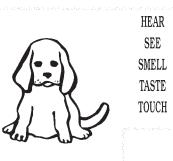
HEAR

SEE

SMELL

TASTE

TOUCH













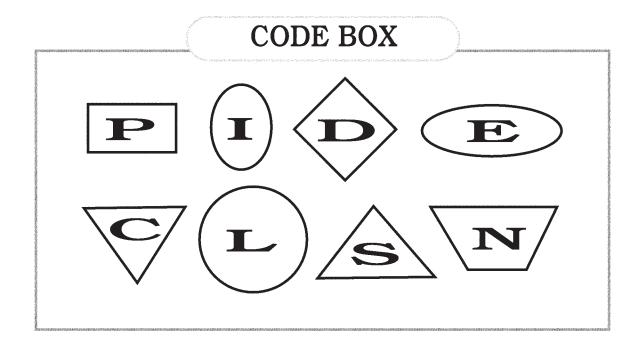
How many times did you use each of the senses?

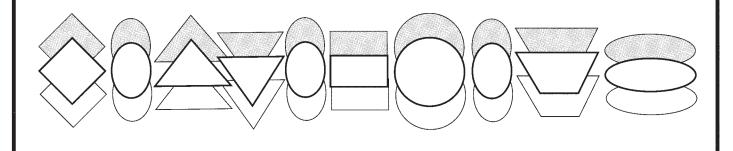
Seeing___ Smelling___ Tasting____ **Touching**

SHAPE THE ANSWER

Helen received love from her mother and father, but there is one thing she did not receive. Find what she needed, but did not receive. The shapes below have the answer.

Match the shapes above the lines with the shapes in the Code Box. Write the correct letter on the line.















Before Helen had a teacher, she made signs and motions to communicate. Match the motions with the picture of what or who Helen wanted.

Motions when made:

- 1. Pretending to put glasses on.
- 2. Cutting or slicing and spreading.
- 3. Sucking her fingers.
- 4. Turning a handle and shivering.
- 5. Pulling her hair into a knot on the back of her head.
- 6. Putting her hands to her mouth and moving lips.

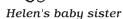
What Helen wanted:











Helen's father



Ice cream

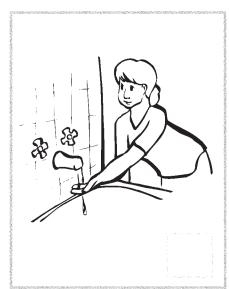


Which of the five senses will help you to do this? Look at the picture. Write the number of the sense that you think is needed in the box. There may be more than one of the senses used.

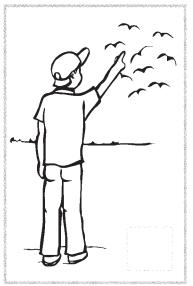
HEARING = 1 SEEING = 2 SMELLING = 3 TASTING = 4 TOUCHING = 5



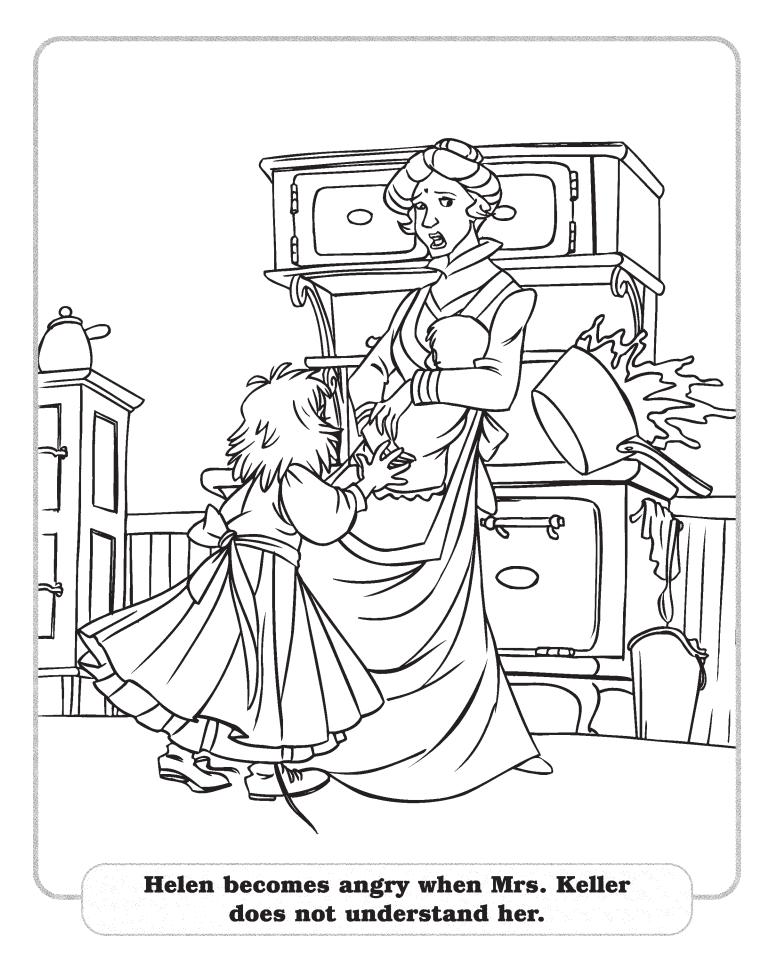
















HELEN'S AMAZING ANTACHRANIS

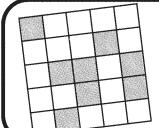
An anagram is a word you make by rearranging the letters in another word. Rearrange the words at the beginning of each sentence to form a new word that will complete the sentence. Copy your new word on the blank.

1 hare	When Helen was born she was	able to see and
2 rangy	Helen became	when no one understood her.
3 whit	Helen's mother needed help	her.
4 nest	Her mother	for someone to help.
5 mace	Anne Sullivan	to teach Helen.
6 charm	It was in the month of	that Anne arrived.
7 smite	Anne tried manyspoon.	to teach Helen how to eat with a
8 detest	Helen	Anne's patience many times.
9 tops	Anne would never	trying to teach Helen.
10 bale	Helen becamewith others.	to read, write, and communicate









Keller's Crossword

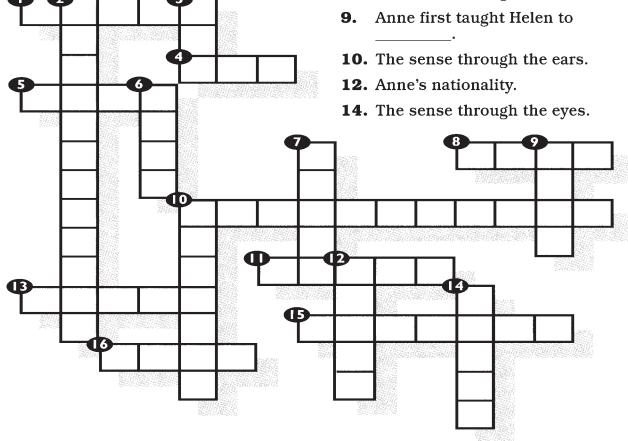
ACROSS

- 1. The sense of the tongue.
- 4. Organ of hearing.
- 5. Unable to hear.
- 8. A scent.
- 10. Anne Sullivan's pupil.
- 11. Unable to see.
- **13.** The first thing Helen understood the name for.

- **15.** Using the hand signs to communicate to a deaf person.
- **16.** Anne wrote signs in Helen's __

DOWN

- 2. Helen's teacher (full name).
- 3. Organ of sight.
- **6.** Another word for touch.
- **7.** The sense through the nose.



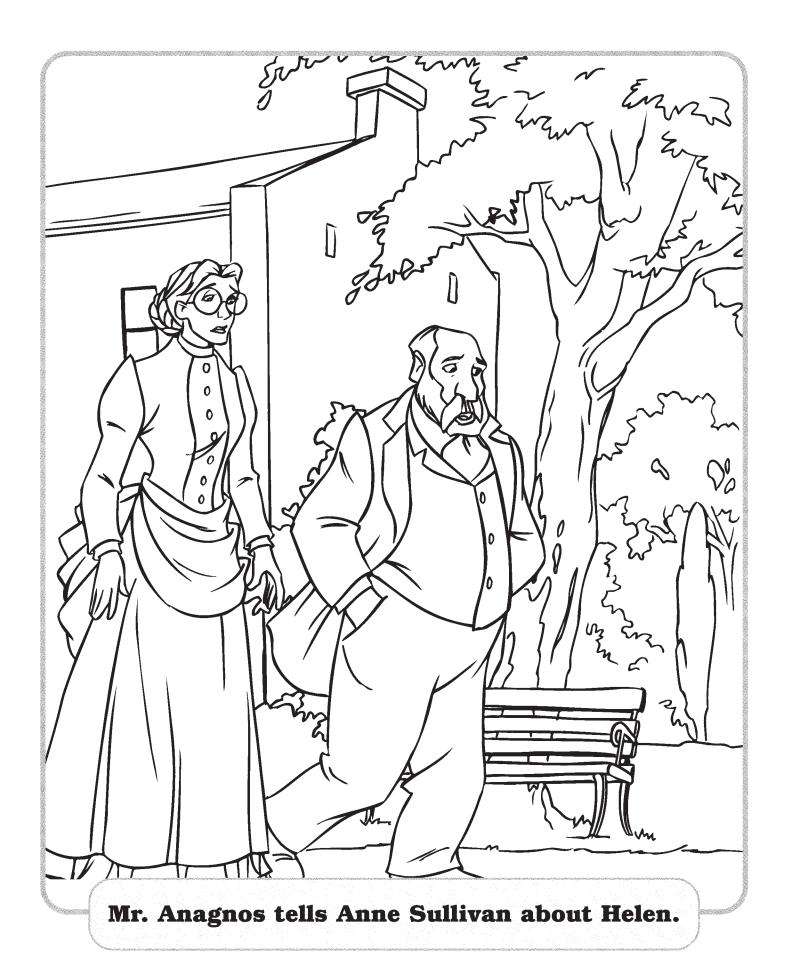


What was Helen Keller like when Anne Sullivan first met her?

Go through the maze below and circle every other letter, starting with the S. The circled letters spell the answer. Write the letters on the spaces below to complete the sentence.

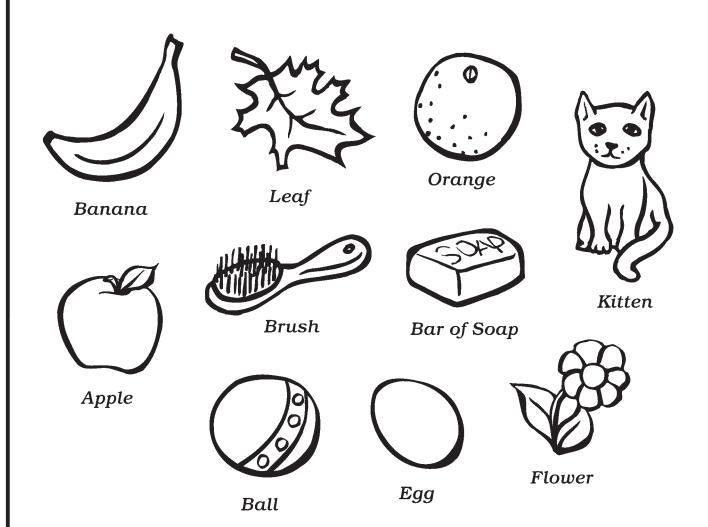
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S	E	Н	A	A	E	W	A	I	D	I	С	M
A	Н	T	F	T	A	L	E	R	M	O	Ι	E
S	G	E	E	E	В	K	M	L	Z	N	В	A
E	E	G	D	K	I	F	K	S	L	S	M	M
A	R	W	Н	A	Т	I	С	D	I	A	X	L
U	W	O	S	P	L	L	I	E	K	A	L	M
S	R	A	I	S	I	L	N	A	R	N	S	

_





A person who is deaf-blind may be able to touch and feel to learn what objects are. Color the things that you think a deaf-blind person may be able to learn what it is by feeling.



Color the things that you think a deaf-blind person may be able to smell and learn what it is.



Banana



Glass of Water



Orange



Egg



Bar of Soap



Ice Cream Cone



Lemon



Flower



Leaf



Ball



Cup of Coffee

DWORDSEARCHGE

Find and circle the words in the puzzle. The words are listed below the puzzle in the Word Box. They may be forward, backward, up, down, or diagonal.

S	T	W	A	T	E	R	A	S	S	D	Ο	M	Η	T
C	L	Ο	C	Ο	M	M	U	N	Ι	C	A	T	E	N
H	A	S	P	E	L	L	В	S	G	E	N	A	L	R
M	R	Ι	S	N	L	E	C	Ο	N	A	C	S	E	E
T	W	A	N	Ι	S	Ι	P	R	E	Н	Ο	P	N	A
L	R	N	V	C	P	E	K	D	E	A	F	A	C	B
N	A	A	S	L	C	P	E	R	D	L	G	H	R	P
A	N	В	Ι	C	E	В	L	A	N	G	U	A	G	E
D	N	N	E	\mathbf{D}	Ο	L	L	F	H	K	A	N	P	В
R	E	S	A	T	В	V	E	I	W	Y	Z	D	A	P
L	U	N	R	H	E	A	R	A	N	В	E	G	F	H
K	M	Ο	S	L	Y	N	W	Ο	R	\mathbf{D}	S	P	R	S
T	V	L	A	U	R	A	\mathbf{B}	R	Ι	D	G	\mathbf{M}	A	N

Anne	doll	language
blind	hand	Laura Bridgman
communicate	hear	obey

___ hear ___ obey
___ Helen ___ see
__ Keller ___ sign

deaf

discipline

spell Sullivan teacher

water

words

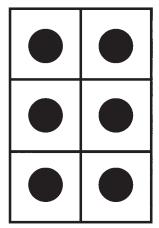






Braile's Brilliant Idea

Helen Keller learned to read by using a system of printing for the blind called Braille. This system was named after the inventor Louis Braille from France. Louis was only fourteen years old when he started working on a system of reading. He stuck pins in a piece of paper to make the raised dots.



Braille uses a combination of raised dots to represent the letters of the alphabet. The reader "reads" with his fingers, touching the letters to identify each one.

The first ten letters of the alphabet (a-j) uses the top two rows of dots. The next ten letters (k-t) uses the top two rows plus one dot from the third row. The last six letters (u-z) uses all the dots, except for "w", which is a reversed "r". (The Braille alphabet is shown on page 21.)

Try making your own Braille system. Draw your series of dots in the box below. Then make up a combination of dots for each letter of the alphabet. Give the code to your friends and send them a message.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} E = & I = & M = & Q = & U = & Y = & \\ B = & F = & J = & N = & R = & V = & Z = & \\ C = & G = & K = & O = & S = & W = & \\ D = & H = & L = & P = & T = & X = & \\ \end{bmatrix}$$







SC

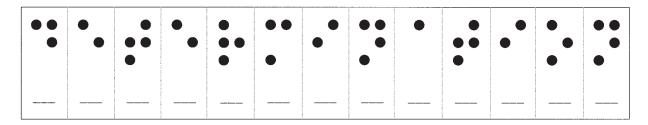
Decode the word below by using the Braille system of dots. Match the combination of dots above the blanks with the dots in the Braille Code Box and write the correct letter on the blank.

These dots are not raised as they would be in a Braille book, but they are in the same position.

You will discover the word that is a character quality that Helen Keller had. This word helped her to accomplish things that people thought were impossible for a deaf-blind person.

Braille Code Box

A •	B •	C	D
E	F ••	G	H •
I •	J ••	K •	L •
M • •	N • •	0	P ••
Q	R	S	T
U	V	W	X
Y	Z		
and	for •• ••	of • • •	the •



Try writing your name in Braille! _____





M with Math and Words

Anne Sullivan believed that a certain behavior must be learned before Helen could be taught language. To find what the behavior was, work the problems and write the letters on the blanks.

LETTER/NUMBER CODE BOX

$$A = 3$$
$$B = 4$$

$$C = 5$$

 $E = 6$

$$O = 8$$

$$Y = 10$$

$$T = 9$$
 $N = 7$

2 +1

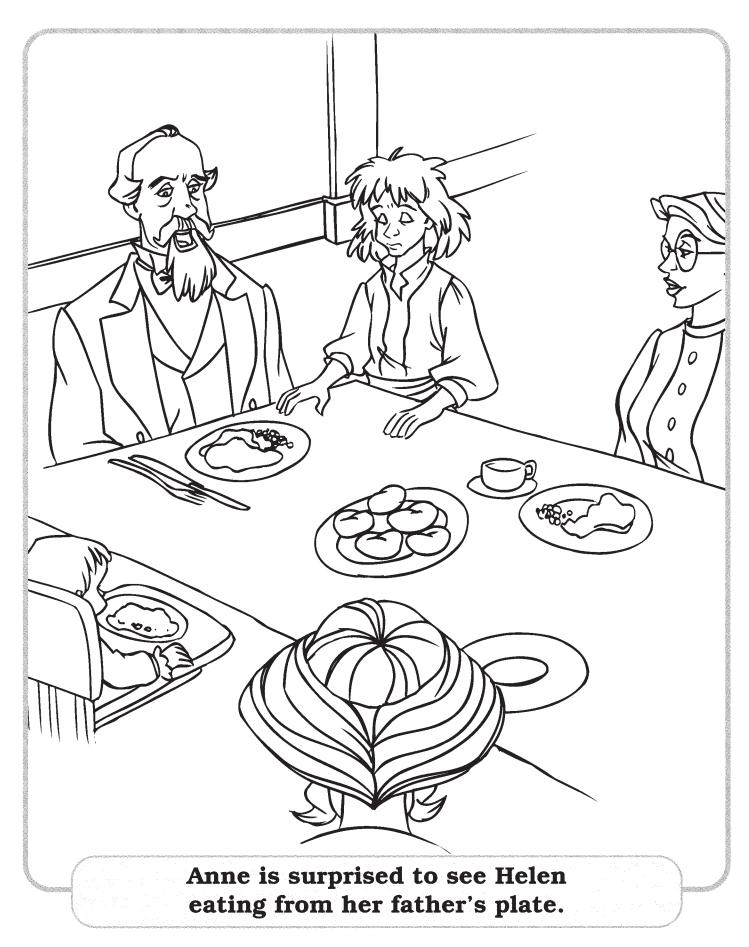








What must Helen learn?



•



FIND THE WORDS

Helen's father did not believe Anne could teach Helen to obey or to spell words. Why was she successful? Color the puzzle as directed. Then copy the uncolored letters, in order, on the lines below.

Color the spaces: $\mathbf{B} = blue$ $\mathbf{Y} = yellow$ $\mathbf{R} = red$

B	Y	B	S	R	R	R	H	Y	R	Y	Y	E	R	Y	R
Y	H	Y	R	R	Y	Y	Y	R	Y	R	B	B	Y	R	Y
B	Y	B	Y	Y	A	B	B	Y	R	Y	Y	Y	R	D	R
R	R	R	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	R	R	R	R	B	B	B
B	B	B	P	Y	Y	B	R	B	A	B	R	B	Y	R	R
Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	R	B	R	Y	R	B	R	Y	B	B
R	B	R	Y	R	T	В	R	B	Y	B	R	B	I	Y	Y
B	R	B	E	R	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	B	В
R	B	R	B	Y	C	R	R	R	B	B	B	B	E	Y	Y



SEQUENCE

Look at each picture below. Read the words below the picture. Number each picture in the order it happened.



Anne Sullivan meets Helen Keller.



Helen cannot hear or see.



Helen loves to chase butterflies.



Helen learns to finger-spell.



Helen learns to eat with a spoon.

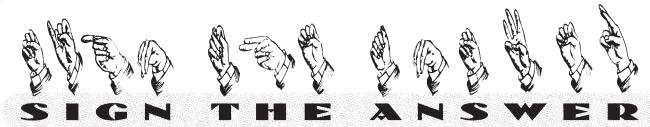


Mr. and Mrs. Keller learn that their daughter is deaf and blind.



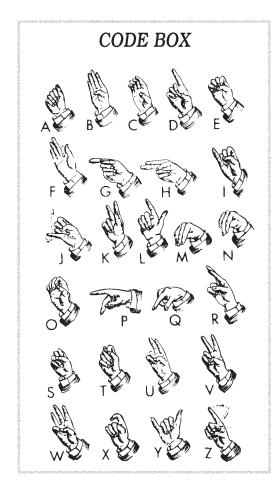


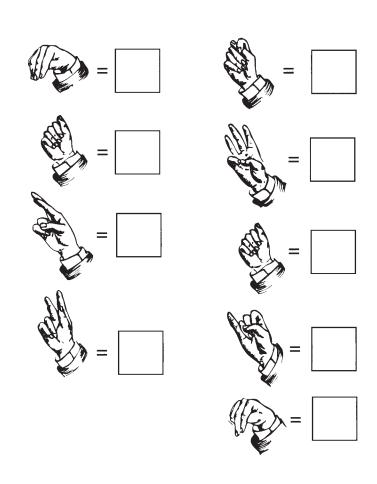




Helen Keller became friends with a very famous author. Discover who this author is by solving the code below.

Use the one hand manual alphabet symbols to help you decode the words. Match the hand signs below with the signs in the Code Box. Write the correct letter in the box.





BONUS QUESTION! CAN YOU NAME ONE OF THE BOOKS THIS FAMOUS AUTHOR WROTE?

Try signing your own name!



Helen never called Anne Sullivan by her name. Solve the puzzle below to find the name that Helen called Anne for the rest of her life.

Step One: Circle the letter at the end of the row if the numerals are multiples of five.

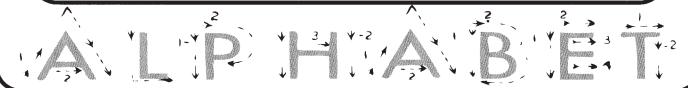
ligness the word for exercise contracts to its constitution of the contract contracts and	Pod zakonieni ekonomina kladien koeltroloria kaken kalendaria ilaken kalendaria kenden kendelah kend	refrestive dander valuetier einseltpraaktier (Luthorike einselt zu dander valuetier (Luthorike einselt zu	a La Francisco (La Français Moneta (Em. Carifon da Maraja Alem Spellan Audem sando es ande	er Stadier voor de de Stadie Gerophie (de Georgia de Stadie Georgia de	iterates (protinciales estreta de Sarrella Sociales para de Alexandre (protinciales de Sociales)	$\text{yearsensusconstructions of the properties $
	16	14	12	10	8	6
engraphy	35	30	25	20	15	10
	18	15	12	9	6	3
Ħ	75	70	65	60	55	50
A	100	95	90	85	80	75
R	32	30	28	26	24	22
T	50	45	40	35	30	25
B	28	24	20	16	12	8
Þ	30	25	20	15	10	5
T	60	50	40	30	20	10
D	45	40	35	30	25	20
R	90	85	80	7 5	70	65
Servicionamento anticolorem con contra contr		Contraction of the Contraction o	ORDINAL COMPANION COMPANIO			Branco como de acapación como escapación de acapación de

Step Two: Unscramble the circled letters to form the name that Helen called Anne. Write the letters on the spaces below.

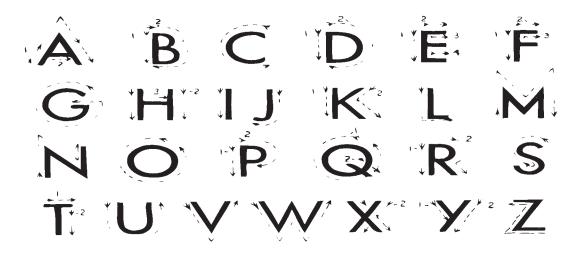




International Standard Manual



The simple block letters of the alphabet below can be used to communicate with most deaf-blind persons. Look at the lines, arrows, and numbers that show the proper direction to form the letters.



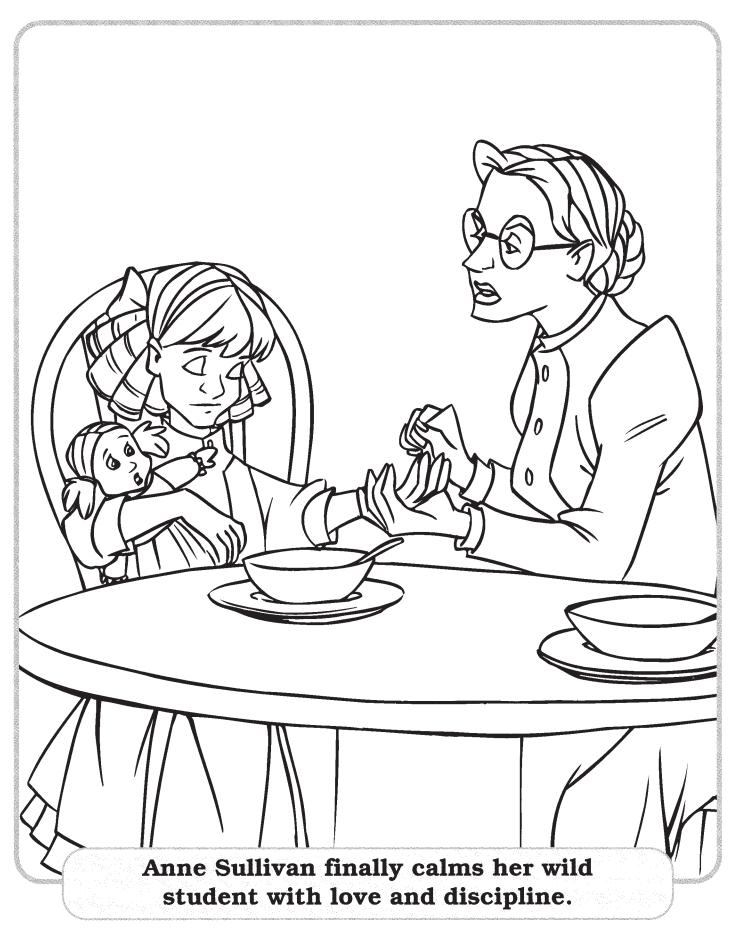
Practice drawing the letters in your own hand. Print only in the palm area. Do not try to connect letters.

Try printing words in your friends' hands to see if they can guess what you are saying. Have them print words in your hand. Do not look at your hand while they are writing!

Words that I
guessed correctly:

		_
		_
		-
		-
		_
		-
		_

Words	tha	at a	frie	nd
guess	ed	cori	ect	ly:





MIX 'N' MATCH CODE

Helen Keller wrote a book about her life titled, "The Story of My Life." In it she described how she felt when she first understood the words spelled into her hand.

To find what she wrote, decode the message below. Match the code letter below each blank with the letter in the top row of the Code Box. Copy the letter from the second row on the blank.

											I	1 2			3 [Z								
A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	g	R	S	T	U	V	w	X	Y	z
Z	Y	X	W	V	U	Т	S	R	9	P	0	N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	С	В	A

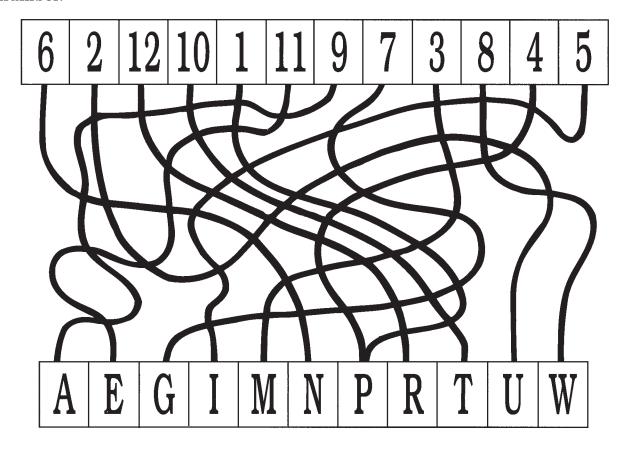
Helen Keller wrote:

 \overline{N} \overline{B} \overline{S} \overline{V} \overline{Z} \overline{I} \overline{G}

YVTZM GL HRMT



What was Helen doing when Anne was able to teach her what a word meant? Follow the lines to the letters. Write that letter on the blank above the number.



What was the first word Helen learned?

 $\overline{8}$ $\overline{9}$ $\overline{10}$ $\overline{11}$ $\overline{12}$





IN SHAPE WITH HISTORY

Mr. Keller did not like for Anne Sullivan to discipline Helen. He did not understand that discipline was needed before Helen could learn. Solve the puzzle below to find what he said to Anne.

Follow the instructions to fill each blank with the correct word.

fired Miss
1. Find the word that is in the only. Write the word in blank 3.
2. Find the word that is in the only. Write the word in blank 2.
3. Find the word that is in the only. Write the word in blank 5.

are

you

4. Find the word that is in the

in blank 4.

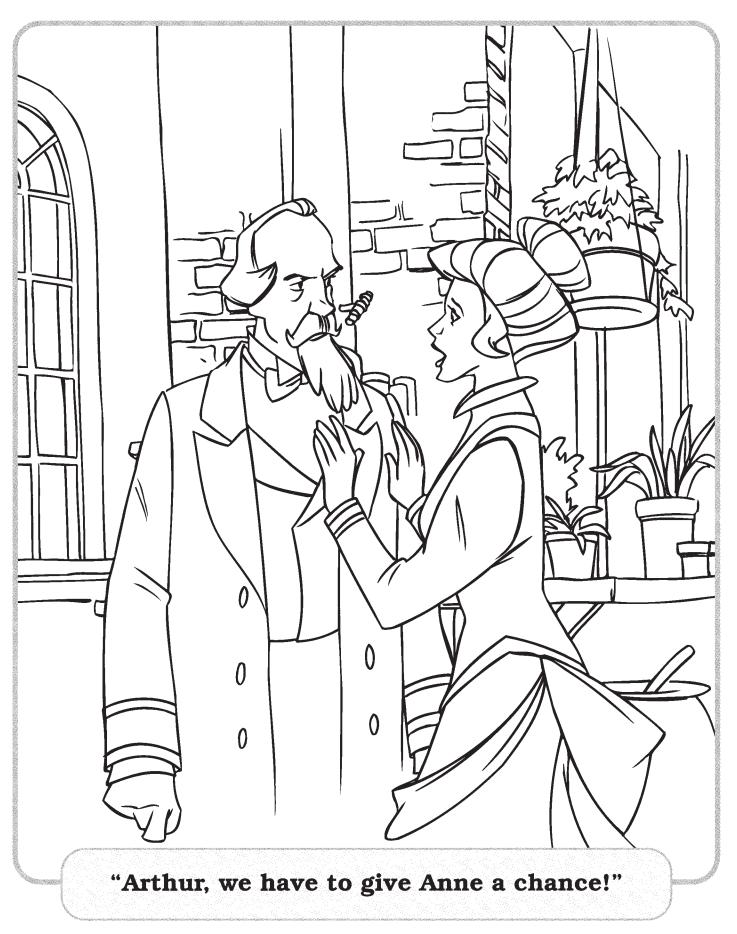
5. Find the word that is in the and only. Write the word in blank 1.

and

What did Mr. Keller say to Anne Sullivan?

				! "
1	2	3	4	5

only. Write the word









WYSKERY VYSERDS

Helen's parents took her to see a man who was very interested in educating the deaf. In fact, this man was so interested that he invented the telephone.

Find the name of this famous inventor. Read the questions below and write the answers on the spaces. If you need help, the answers are in the Word Box. Copy all of the circled letters and then unscramble them to find the name of this man.

WORD BOX

Alabama	Anne Sullivan	Civil War	Doll	Fever	Hand	Laura Bridgman	Six
YSTNEYYTTAPPESAOPYSSAEPYSSAEPYSSAEPYSSAEPYS	1. In w	hat war d	id He	len's f	ather f	ight?	0.7 (236.07) (262.06) (260.7%)
			_ (_)		_ ()		
	2. In	n what sta	ite wa	s Hele	n borr	1?	
)		\bigcirc $-$			
	3.	Who was	Hele	n's tea	icher?		
	-)		$ \subset$)		
4	4. What was 1	the name	of an	other	deaf-bl	ind person	
	wh	o learned	to co	mmur	nicate?	•	
				(
	5. Where	would An	ne sp	ell wo	rds for	Helen?	
	6. What cau	sed Heler	ı to b	ecome	deaf a	nd blind?	
		_		\bigcirc –			
7.	What was th	ne first wo	ord sp	elled i	into He	elen's hand?	

Copy the circled letters:

8. How old was Helen when she met this famous inventor?

Unscramble the letters and write the name on the blanks below.



FILL in the BLANCH

Learn more about Helen Keller by filling in the blanks with the correct words from the Word Box below.

	WORL	вох	
Alabama	book	learn	thirty
Anne	college	signs	two
Sullivan	famous	sister	words
alone	hands	spoon	yes

1. Helen Keller lived in the state of ______.

2.	Helen's teacher was
	Helen had a baby
4.	Anne believed Helen could
5.	She taught Helen to eat with a
6.	She thought Helen would learn faster if they lived
7.	Anne asked to be allowed to try it for weeks.
8.	When Anne held Helen's hand against her face and nodded, it was
	telling her "".
9.	Anne taught Helen the names of many things by making
	in Helen's
10.	Helen learned quickly to spell
11.	On the first day Helen learned how to spell words, she learned
	new words.
12.	When Helen was twenty, she went to

13. While in college, Helen wrote a _____ about her life.

14. Helen became a very ______ person.





See how many words YOU can make out of the letters in the word:

COMMUNICATE

NOTE: You cannot use any letter more times than it appears in the name. (For example: no more than one O, two M's, etc.)

2 Letter Words - 1 point each	3 Letter Words - 2 points each
words x 1 = points	words x 2 = points
4 Letter Words - 3 points each	5 or More Letter Words - 4 points each
words x 3 = points	words x 4 = points

TOTAL POINTS____:

5-15 = Junior • 16-30 = Intermediate • 31-45 = Advanced • 46-60 points = Ace 61-85 = Champ • 86-100 = Super Champ • 101 and up = Out of Sight!







••

MATCHING

GAME

es table and since their men time now along this time table has now after over other now

Match each description on the left with the correct person or item on the right. Write the letters of the correct answers in the boxes.

1.	The mother of Helen Keller.	A.	Anne Sullivan
2.	A method of communication.	В.	Laura Bridgman
3.	A school that Anne Sullivan attended.	c.	Helen Keller
4.	The teacher of Helen Keller.	D.	Michael Anagnos
5.	Helen attended this school at age twenty.	E.	Arthur Keller
6.	A deaf-blind person who taught Anne.	F.	Finger spelling
7.	The first word that Helen understood.	G.	Kate Keller
8.	The director of Perkins Institution.	H.	Institution for
9.	A captain in the Confederate army.		the Blind
10.	A deaf-blind person who inspired	I.	Water
	people around the world.	J.	Radcliffe College





TRUE OR



FALSE

Read each statement below. If it is true, circle the "T." If it is false, circle the "F."

1.	The Keller family lived in Alabama.	T	F
2.	Helen Keller was blind and deaf when she was born.	T	F
3.	Helen's parents loved her.	T	F
4.	Her father was a Confederate soldier in the Civil War.	T	F
5.	Helen's parents believed there was no help for her.	T	F
6.	They made Helen obey.	T	F
7.	The Kellers heard about another blind and deaf girl who learned to communicate.	T	F
8.	Anne Sullivan was asked to teach Helen.	T	F
9.	Anne did not want to teach Helen.	T	F
10.	Helen had very bad manners.	T	F
11.	Anne believed Helen must first learn to obey.	T	F
12.	The Kellers would not let Anne try.	T	F
13.	Anne began spelling names of things in Helen's hand.	T	F
14.	Helen was very slow in learning.	T	F
15.	Anne and Helen became known all over the world.	T	F







HELEN KELLER QUESTIONS

- 1. When did Helen Keller become deaf and blind?
- 2. What made Helen deaf and blind?
- 3. How did Helen communicate with her family before she learned the finger alphabet?
- 4. How did Helen's father treat her?
- 5. How did Helen act as she grew older?
- 6. Where did Mr. and Mrs. Keller go to get help for Helen?
- 7. Who was sent to become Helen's teacher?
- 8. What was the first word that Anne Sullivan spelled into Helen's hand?
- 9. What did Anne Sullivan have to do before she could teach Helen?
- 10. How did Helen's eating habits change after Anne arrived?
- 11. Did Helen understand the words when she first learned the finger alphabet?
- 12. What was the first word that Helen understood to be the same as the one Anne was spelling in her hand?
- 13. What were some things that Helen Keller accomplished?

GUIDELINES FOR HELPING DEAF-BLIND PERSONS

- 1. When you approach a deaf-blind person, let him know by a simple touch that you are near.
- 2. Make positive but gentle use of any means of communication you adopt.
- 3. Work out with him a simple but special signal for identifying yourself to him.
- 4. Learn and use whatever method of communication he knows, however elementary. If a more adequate method might be valuable to him, help him learn it.
- 5. Always be sure the deaf-blind person understands you, and be sure that you understand him.
- 6. Encourage him to use his voice if he has speech, even if he knows only a few words.
- 7. If there are others present, let him know when it is appropriate for him to speak.
- 8. Always inform him of his whereabouts.
- 9. Always tell him when you are leaving, even if it is only for a

- brief period. See that he is comfortably and safely situated. If he is not sitting, he will need something substantial to touch in your absence. Place his hand on it before leaving. Never abandon a deaf-blind person in unfamiliar surroundings.
- 10. When with a deaf-blind person, keep sufficiently close so that, by physical contact, he will know you are there.
- 11. In walking, let him take your arm. Never push him ahead of you.
- 12. Make use of a simple set of signals to let him know when he is about to ascend or descend a flight of stairs, walk through a doorway, board a vehicle. A deafblind person holding your arm can usually sense any change in pace or direction.
- 13. Rely on your natural courtesy, consideration, and common sense. Occasional difficulties in communication are only to be expected.

Reprinted courtesy of Helen Keller National Center for Deaf-Blind Youths and Adults.

THINK & DO ABOUT & DO

NOTE TO THE TEACHER: These are activities for a group to discuss and think about.

THINGS TO THINK ABOUT . . .

- 1. Helen Keller was born with sight and hearing, but a high fever left her deaf and blind. She was a very bright, intelligent child. How do you think she must have felt when suddenly she could not see or communicate with anyone?
- 2. Why was Mr. Keller's lack of discipline actually harmful for Helen? Why was Anne Sullivan so successful in teaching Helen?

THINGS TO DO . . .

- 3. Purchase some sleep shades and industrial ear plugs. While someone is wearing the shades and the ear plugs, have someone else lead him around. Have the person try to take a drink of water. Take the person outside. Have him feel something. Can he identify the object? Invent your own methods of communicating. Try spelling words into the hands. Take turns leading each other around.
- 4. Plan a deaf-blind meal. Some of the group may be the helpers, and the rest wear sleep shades and ear plugs. The helpers should set up the

food on the table and then guide the their chairs. others to conversation should cease as soon as they enter the room. No one knows who they are sitting beside. The food can be simple things to eat with the fingers, such as sandwiches. Condiments such as mayonaise, mustard, and peanut butter should be placed on the table for the deaf-blind to use. Be prepared for interesting combinations! Have the diners try pouring from a pitcher. communicate in some way without being able to speak, hear, or see. Mealtime is such a social time for most people that this activity will be difficult to do.



ANSWER K E Y

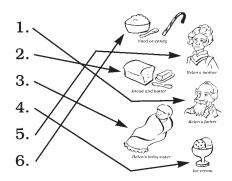
USING YOUR SENSE — PAGE 6

Answers may vary.

SHAPE THE ANSWER — PAGE 7

DISCIPLINE

MAKE A MOTION — PAGE 9



THE FIVE SENSES — PAGE 10

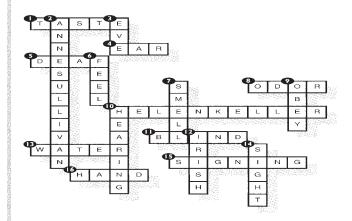
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HELEN'S AMAZING ANAGRAMS

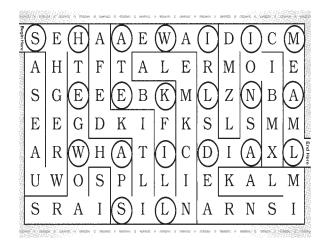
— PAGE 12

- 1. hear
- 2. angry
- 3. with
- 4. sent
- 5. came
- 6. March
- 7. times
- 8. tested
- 9. stop
- 10. able

KELLER'S CROSSWORD — PAGE 13



ALPHABET MAZE — PAGE 14



Anne Sullivan said, "She was like a wild animal!"

LEARN BY TOUCH — PAGE 16

Answers may vary.

LEARN BY SMELL — PAGE 17

Answers may vary.

WORD SEARCH — PAGE 18

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T	\mathbf{v}	(L	A	U	R	A	В	R	I	D	G	M	A	N)

BRAILLE CODE FUN — PAGE 21

DETERMINATION

FUN WITH MATH AND WORDS

— PAGE 22

9 8 8 4 6 10 3 7 7 6

TOOBEY ANNE

FIND THE WORDS — PAGE 24

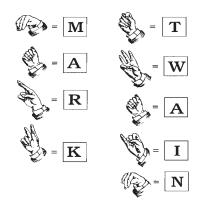
В	Y	В	S	R	R	R	H	Y	R	Y	Y	E	R	Y	R
Y	H	Y	R	R	Y	Y	Y	R	Y	R	В	В	Y	R	Y
В	Y	В	Y	Y	\boldsymbol{A}	В	В	Y	R	Y	Y	Y	R	\boldsymbol{D}	R
R	R	R	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	R	R	R	R	В	В	В
В	В	В	\boldsymbol{P}	Y	Y	В	R	В	A	В	R	В	Y	R	R
Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	R	В	R	Y	R	В	R	Y	В	В
R	В	R	Y	R	T	В	R	В	Y	В	R	В	I	Y	Y
В	R	В	E	R	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	В	В
R	В	R	В	Y	C	R	R	R	В	B	В	В	E	Y	Y

She had patience.

PICTURE SEQUENCE — PAGE 25

4 3 1 6 5 2

SIGN THE ANSWER — PAGE 27



MARK TWAIN

NUMBER SEQUENCE — PAGE 28

S	16	14	12	10	8	6
\bigcirc	35	30	25	20	15	10
0	18	15	12	9	6	3
H	75	70	65	60	55	50
A	100	95	90	85	80	75
R	32	30	28	26	24	22
T	50	45	40	35	30	25
В	28	24	20	16	12	8
E	30	25	20	15	10	5
T	60	50	40	30	20	10
E	45	40	35	30	25	20
R	90	85	80	75	70	65

TEACHER

MIX 'N' MATCH CODE — PAGE 31

"MY HEART BEGAN TO SING!"

FOLLOW THE LINES — PAGE 32

PUMPING WATER
WATER

IN SHAPE WITH HISTORY — PAGE 33

" MISS SULLIVAN, YOU ARE FIRED!"

MYSTERY WORDS — PAGE 35

- 1. Civil War
- 2. Alabama
- 3. Anne Sullivan
- 4. Laura Bridgman
- 5. hand
- 6. fever
- 7. doll
- 8. six

LARABAAELRDGMNHEELX

Alexander Graham Bell

FILL IN THE BLANK — PAGE 36

1.	Alabama
9	Anne Sulliva

2. Anne Sullivan

- 3. sister
- 4. learn
- 5. spoon
- 6. alone
- 7. two

- 9. signs hands
- 10. words
- 11. thirty
- 12. college
- 13. book
- 14. famous

8. yes

LETTER SHUFFLE — PAGE 37

account	come	into	mince	on	to
acute	comma	it	mote	once	ton
am	commune	item	mount	one	tonic
an	cot	main	name	taco	tone
ant	count	man	neat	tame	tune
at	cut	mane	nice	tan	tunic
ate	cute	mat	nite	tea	unit
aunt	eat	mate	no	team	untie
came	emmit	mean	not	ten	
can	ice	meant	note	tie	
cane	immune	meat	nut	time	
cat	in	mice	oat	tin	

MATCHING GAME — PAGE 38

1.	G	6.	В
2.	\boldsymbol{F}	7.	I
3.	Η	8.	D
4.	\boldsymbol{A}	9.	E

10. C

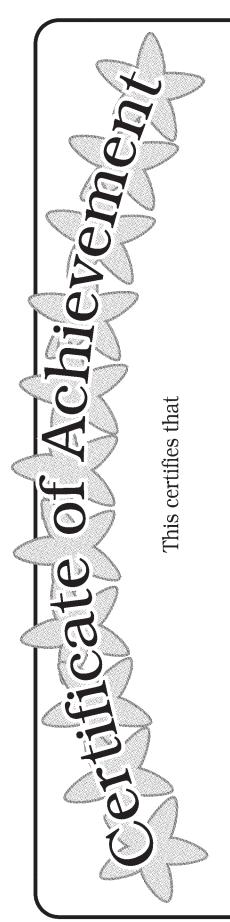
TRUE OR FALSE — PAGE 39

5. J

1. T	6. F	11. T
2. F	7. T	12. F
3. T	8. T	13. T
4. T	9. F	14. F
5. T	10. T	15. T

QUESTIONS — PAGE 41

- 1. Helen Keller became deaf and blind when she was one-and-a-half years old.
- Helen was very sick with a high fever that lasted for days.
- 3. Helen made motions with her hands to show what or who she wanted.
- Helen's father was very kind to her, but he never disciplined her.
- 5. Helen became angry and frustrated because she could not communicate with anyone.
- 6. They went to the Perkins School for the Blind in Boston.
- 7. Anne Sullivan was sent to teach Helen.
- 8. The first word Anne spelled into Helen's hand was d-o-l-l.
- 9. Helen was so wild that Anne had to discipline her until she was tame enough to teach.
- 10. Helen always walked around the table, eating food from other people's plates with her fingers. Anne taught her to sit at the table and eat from her own plate with a fork.
- 11. Helen did not understand any of the words that Anne spelled to her. She thought it was a game.
- 12. W-a-t-e-r was the first word that Helen understood.
- 13. Helen graduated from Radcliffe College, wrote many books, and raised money for the American Foundation for the Blind.



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